IN THE CLAIMS:

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Please re-write the claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for establishing identity in a file system, comprising:

 receiving, from a client, a first Network File System (NFS) operationfile request

 concerning an indicated file-from a client, the first NFS operationrequest received by a

 proxy;

 forwarding the first NFS operationrequest from the proxy to be received by a file
 - forwarding the <u>first NFS operation</u>request from the proxy to <u>be received by</u> a file server;

returning a NFS file handlereply associated with the <u>first NFS operationfile</u>

request from the file server to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first

NFS operation from the proxy;

inserting, by the proxy, metadata into a the NFS file handle in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an encryption key; and

sending, by the proxy in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, the NFS file handle with the metadata inserted in the NFS file handle to the client as a reply to the first NFS operation; and

<u>using</u>, by the client, the metadata <u>and the NFS file handle in a second NFS</u> <u>operation to be used in further requests</u> to identify the client and the indicated file.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: whereby

 —using the metadata in the NFS file handles eliminates for any of eliminating a need

 for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file server to establish file identity,

 and for completing client requests.
 - 3. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
- encoding metadata in a form of a session key into the file handle, the session key

 expiring after a predetermined amount of time.

2 using an NFS file system as the file system. 5. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: 1 using a stateless protocol by the file system. 2 6-29. (Cancelled). 1 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising: 1 2 receiving, from the client, a second file request NFS operation by the proxy, the second NFS operationfile request comprising including the metadata in a further NFS file 3 handle sent with the second requestNFS operation; 4 identifying, in response to the metadata, the client as having a permission to 5 submit the second file requestNFS operation; 6 sending the second NFS operationfile request to the file server and not sending 7 the metadata with the second NFS file handle to the file server; and 8 receiving by the proxy the a further NFS reply from the file server, and sending 9 by the proxy the further <u>NFS</u> reply to the client. 10 31. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system, 1 comprising: 2 receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file 3 request received by a proxy; 4 forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server; 5 returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the 6 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file; 7 8 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle; sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle 9 to the client, the metadata to be used in further requests to identify the client as having a 10 permission to access the indicated file; 11

4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file
request including the metadata in a second file handle sent with the second file request;
identifying, in response to the metadata, that the client has the permission to
submit the second file request;
sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the metadata
with the second file handle to the file server; and
receiving by the proxy a second reply from the file server, and sending by the

32. (Currently Amended) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, comprising:

proxy the second reply to the client.

a proxy <u>configured</u> to receive a <u>first Network File System (NFS) operationfile</u>

request <u>concerning an indicated file</u> sent by a client to the file system, the proxy <u>further</u>

<u>configured</u> to forward the <u>first NFS operation-request</u> to be received by a file server;

the file server <u>configured</u> to return a <u>NFS file handle</u>reply associated with the <u>first NFS operation file request</u> to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first <u>NFS operation from the proxy</u>, wherein the reply includes a file handle;

the proxy <u>further configured</u> to insert metadata into the <u>NFS</u> file handle <u>in</u> response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an <u>encryption key</u>; and

the proxy <u>further configured</u> to send the <u>NFS</u> file handle with the metadata inserted in the <u>NFS</u> file handle to the client as a reply to the first NFS operation, the metadata and the NFS file handle to be used in a second NFS operation to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file.

33. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as in claim 32, further comprising:

the proxy <u>further configured</u> to receive, by the client, a second <u>NFS operationfile</u> request, the second <u>NFS operationfile request comprising to include</u> the metadata in the second NFS file handle sent with the second NFS operationrequest;

5	the proxy to identify, in response to the metadata, the client as having a
6	permission to submit the second file request NFS operation;
7	the proxy to send the second NFS operationfile request to the file server and not
8	to send the metadata with the second NFS file handle to the file server; and
9	the proxy to receive a second NFS reply from the file server, and the proxy to
10	send the second <u>NFS</u> reply to the client.
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1	34. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising:
2	the proxy to use the metadata in the NFS file handle received from the client to
3	eliminate a need for additional communication with the file server to establish file
4	identity.
1	35. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising:
2	the proxy to encode the metadata in a form of a session key into the NFS file
3	handle, the session key expiring after a predetermined amount of time.
1	36. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising:
2	an NFS file system used as the file system.
1	37. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising:
2	a stateless protocol used by the file system.
1	38. (Currently Amended) A non-volatile memory executed on a computer, comprising:
2	said the non-volatile memory containing procedures for execution on the
3	computer for a method of establishing identity in a file system, the method having the
4	steps of,
5	receiving, from a client, a first Network File System (NFS) operationfile request
6	concerning an indicated file-from a client, the first NFS operation request received by a
7	proxy;

8	forwarding the <u>first NFS operation</u> request from the proxy to <u>be received by</u> a file
9	server;
10	returning a NFS file handlereply associated with the first NFS operationfile
11	request from the file server to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first
12	NFS operation from the proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with
13	the indicated file;
14	inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the NFS file handle in response to receiving
15	the NFS file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an encryption key; and
16	sending, by the proxy in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file
17	server, the NFS file handle with the metadata inserted in the NFS file handle to the client
18	as a reply to the first NFS operation; and
19	using, by the client, the metadata and the NFS file handle in a second NFS
20	operation to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file.
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1	39. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system,
2	comprising:
3	receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file
4	request received by a proxy;
5	forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server;
6	granting a permission for the request to be acted upon by the file system in
7	response to a predetermined protocol;
8	returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the
9	proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file;
10	inserting, by the proxy, a session key into the file handle; and
11	sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the session key inserted in the file
12	handle to the client, the session key to be used in further requests to identify the client
13	and the indicated file.
1	40. (Currently Amended) The method non-volatile memory of Claim 38 according to
2	elaim 39, further comprising:

3	receiving, from the client, a second NFS operationfile request by the proxy, the
4	second <u>NFS operationfile request comprising including</u> athe session key in a second <u>NFS</u>
5	file handle sent with the second NFS operationfile request;
6	identifying, in response to the session key, that the client has the permission to
7	submit the second NFS operationfile request;
8	sending the second NFS operation file request to the file server and not sending
9	the session key with the second NFS file handle to the file server; and
10	receiving by the proxy a second NFS reply from the file server, and sending by
11	the proxy the second <u>NFS</u> reply to the client.
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1	41. (Currently Amended) The non-volatile memory of Claim 40method according to
2	elaim 39, further comprising:
3	causing the session key to expire after a selected amount of time.
1	42. (Currently Amended) The non-volatile memory of Claim 40 method according to
2	elaim 39, further comprising:
3	causing the session key to expire after a selected amount of usage.
1	43. (Currently Amended) The non-volatile memory of Claim 38 method according to
2	elaim 39, further comprising:
3	using a NFS file server as the file server protocol as the predetermined protocol.
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1	44. (Currently Amended) The non-volatile memory of Claim 38 method according to
2	elaim 43, further comprising:
3	using as the predetermined protocol a two way communication exchange between
4	the proxy and the file server.
1	45. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system,
2	comprising:

- a proxy to receive a file request sent by a client to the file system, the proxy to forward the request to a file server;
- the file server to return a reply associated with the file request to the proxy,
- 6 wherein the reply includes a file handle;
- the proxy to insert a session key into the file handle; and
- the proxy to send the file handle with the session key inserted in the file handle to
- 9 the client, the session key to be used in further requests to identify the client and the
- indicated file.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as in claim 45, further comprising:
- the proxy to receive, by the client, a second file request, the second file request to
- include the session key in a further file handle sent with the second request;
- 4 the proxy to identify, in response to the session key, the client as having a
- 5 permission to submit the another file request;
- the proxy to send the second request to the file server and not to send the session
- 7 key with the second file handle to the file server; and
- the proxy to receive a further reply from the file server, and the proxy to send the
- 9 further reply to the client.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising:
- the proxy to use the metadata in the file handle received from the client to
- eliminate a need for additional communication with the file server to establish file
- 4 identity.

- 48. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising:
- the proxy to encode the metadata in a form of a session key into the file handle,
- the session key expiring after a predetermined amount of time.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising:
- an NFS file system used as the file system.

50. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising: 1 2 a stateless protocol used by the file system. 51. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, 1 comprising: 2 a proxy configured to receive a first file request sent by a client to the file system, 3 the proxy further configured to forward the first file request to a file server; 4 the file server configured to return a reply associated with the first file request to 5 the proxy; 6 the proxy further configured to insert a session key into a file handle; 7 the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the session key inserted 8 in the file handle to the client, the session key configured to be used in a second file 9 request to identify the client and the indicated file; 10 the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second file request, the 11 second file request configured to include the session key in a second file handle sent with 12 the second file request; 13 the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the session key, the client 14 as having a permission to submit the second file request; 15 the proxy further configured to send the second file request to the file server and 16 not to send the session key with the second file handle to the file server; and 17 the proxy further configured to receive a second reply from the file server, and the 18 proxy further configured to send the second reply to the client. 19 52. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system, 1 comprising: 2 receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file 3 request received by a proxy; 4 forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server; 5 determining that the client has a permission to have the request acted upon by the 6

file system in response to a predetermined protocol;

- returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the
 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file;
 inserting, by the proxy, a cryptographic information into the file handle;
 sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the cryptographic information inserted
 in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information to be used in one or more
 requests to identify the client and the indicated file.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising:
 receiving, by the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file request
 including the cryptographic information in a second file handle sent with the second file
 request;
- identifying, in response to the cryptographic information, that the client has the permission to submit the second file request;
- sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the cryptographic information with the second file handle to the file server; and
 - receiving by the proxy a second reply from the file server, and sending by the proxy the second reply to the client.

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- 54. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising:
 causing the cryptographic information to expire after a selected amount of time.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising:
 causing the cryptographic information to expire after a selected amount of usage.
- 56. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising: using a NFS protocol as the predetermined protocol.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising:
 using as the predetermined protocol a two way communication exchange between
 the proxy and the file server.

58. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, 1 comprising: 2 a proxy configured to receive a file request for an indicated file sent by a client to 3 the file system, the proxy further configured to forward the request to a file server; 4 the file server configured to return a reply associated with the file request to the 5 proxy, wherein the reply is configured to include a file handle; the proxy further configured to insert a cryptographic information into the file 7 handle; and 8 the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the cryptographic 9 information inserted in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information 10 configured to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file. 11 59. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as in claim 58, further comprising: 1 the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second request, the second 2 file request to include the cryptographic information in a second file handle sent with the 3 second request; 4 the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the cryptographic 5 information, the client as having a permission to submit the second file request; 6 the proxy further configured to send the second request to the file server and not 7 to send the cryptographic information with the second file handle to the file server; and 8 the proxy further configured to receive a further reply from the file server, and the 9 proxy to send the further reply to the client. 10 60. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising: 1 the proxy further configured to use the metadata in the file handle received from 2 the client to eliminate a need for additional communication with the file server to 3 establish file identity. 4

- 61. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:
- the proxy further configured to encode the metadata in a form of a cryptographic
- information into the file handle, the cryptographic information configured to expire after
- a predetermined amount of time.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:
- an NFS file system used as the file system.
- 63. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:
- a stateless protocol used by the file system.
- 64. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system,
- 2 comprising:
- a proxy configured to receive a first file request sent by a client to the file
- system, the proxy to forward the first file request to a file server;
- the file server configured to return a reply associated with the first file request
- 6 to the proxy;
- the proxy further configured to insert a cryptographic information into a file
- 8 handle;
- 9 the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the cryptographic
- information inserted in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information
- configured to be used in a second file request to identify the client and the indicated
- 12 file;
- the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second file request, the
- second file request configured to include the cryptographic information in a second
- file handle sent with the second file request;
- the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the cryptographic
- information, the client as having a permission to submit the second file request;

the proxy further configured to send the second file request to the file server 18 and not to send the cryptographic information with the second file handle to the file 19 server; and 20 the proxy further configured to receive a second reply from the file server, and 21 the proxy to send the second reply to the client. 22 65. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system, 1 comprising: 2 receiving a file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the request 3 received by a proxy; 4 forwarding the request from the proxy to a file server; 5 returning a reply associated with the file request from the file server to the 6 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file; 7 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle; and 8 sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file 9 handle to the client, a size of the file handle set to a sum of a length of the server file 10 handle and a length of the proxy metadata, the metadata to be used in further requests 11 to identify the client and the indicated file. 12 66. (Previously Presented) A method, comprising: 1 receiving, by a proxy, a file request for a file sent from a client; 2 forwarding the file request from the proxy to a file server; 3 returning a reply associated with the file request from the file server to the 4 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle; 5 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle; 6 sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file 7 handle to the client; and 8

file request to identify the client and the file.

using, by the client, the metadata inserted into the file handle in a subsequent

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- 1 67. (Previously Presented) A computer apparatus, comprising:
- a proxy configured to receive a client file request for a file and forward the
- 3 file request from the proxy to a file server;
- the server configured to return a reply associated with the file request, wherein
- 5 the reply includes a file handle;
- the proxy further configured to intercept the file handle sent from the server
- and insert metadata into the file handle to create a modified file handle;
- the proxy further configured to send the modified file handle with the
- 9 metadata inserted in the file handle to the client; and
- the proxy further configured to receive the modified file handle from the client
- for a second file request for the file, wherein the proxy is further configured to use the
- modified file handle to eliminate a need for the proxy to generate one or more
- additional requests to the server that would be required to access the file if the
- modified file handle did not include the inserted metadata.